Analysis of Income Sources of Rural Municipalities (Dehyari) Using Participatory Evaluation Approach 
(Case Study: Narjouiyeh Village in Jiroft County)

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Extended Abstract

1. INTRODUCTION
If we suppose the final goal of development as a tool for promoting the quality of people's life, by logical use of opportunities, therefore planning is that optimal use of potential resources for achieving the ultimate goal of development. Village contributors are considered as the executive power of village planning system in the local level that needs to have financial self-sufficiency to achieve rural sustainable development. The purpose of this study is to analysis the income resources of village contributors by emphasis on people contribution and achievement of endogenous development.

2. METHODOLOGY
The region under study is Narjouiyeh village, the province of central part of Jiroft County in Kerman, statistical population that includes the villagers of Narjouiyeh and 38 people of local authorities form the sample population. For data collection, it has been used of documentary and field studies with collaborative tools. At the beginning, financial and income opportunities of village was recognized by people that lead to providing the village resource map. In the following these resources were rated and prioritized through collaborative evaluation with the help of matrix pair. Also the usage level of these resources (their realization and entrance to income resource of village contributory) was surveyed. The realization of opportunities shows the level of relation. Following the study the significance level and the relation level for each of these resource has been shown in the form of Venn diagram. Finally, by people contribution, some solutions have been suggested for promoting the income and financial resources of village contributor of Narjouiyeh.

3. DISCUSSION
Findings from the analysis of organizational statistics showed that the most important income resources of village contributors of Narjouiyeh are consecutively as follows: governmental grants, income from building duties and usage change, donated helps of individuals and private organizations and the cost of services. In addition the result of cooperative evaluation about the importance of resources (The analysis of potential resources) showed that the most important financial resources of Narjouiyeh village are as follows: duties and taxes, performance of cooperative projects and creating local markets. While the analysis of relation (potential resources) showed that except duties and taxes, the relation between significance and relation of income resources of Narjouiyeh village contributor is reversed. The most important potential income resource of this village has not been realized and has not placed in the income and financial circle of the village and village contributors. The establishment location of the village along with the inter-city road, passage of Halil river, existence of gardens garden's and greenhouse buildings into the village tissue and the surrounding mountains, have created a wonderful green outlook in this village that can give grounds for performance of tourism projects and attracting tourists.

Also having fertile agricultural lands, being close to downtown and existence of arid and smooth lands around the village make grounds for performance and development of producing-projects. Performing such projects, if are done by the village contributor himself or in the cooperative from, end with directs income for the village contributor and if are done by private investigators, the duties and taxes can create
endogenous and secure income for village contributor. Fairly good development of agricultural activities being close to the supply market of agricultural products, the ability to offer product by an effective marketing plan, duties from licensing, the cooperative potential of local society with respect to informational and partnership of villagers, are considered as the most important capacities of Narjouieh village. Creation of workshops and income producing jobs, Collection of service prices that the village contributor suggests, cooperation with organizations such as aid committee, acknowledgment program and raising tourism potentials, demand for more facilities, transactions including buying and selling movable and unmovable properties, renting and rental, joint investment of investment of village contributor with non-governmental public and private sectors that have comparative advantage, are considered as the most common opportunities facing the village contributor of Narjouieh.

4. CONCLUSION

It us suggested that in order not to be dependent to the government and outer forces, the village contributor of Narjouieh should pay attention to the significance and priority of the resources inside village and make attempts to their realization and entrance to financial system of village contributor; in order have endogenous and secure financial resources in the future. Therefore in order to have an interactive planning in Narjouieh village, active investment by local organizations, basic investment on local sources and partnership and observation of villagers on village development programs, are required. If we look for achieving the prospects for sustainable development in Narjouieh village, according to global and national experiences and according to the results of current study, it can be said that all the development solutions, programs and projects of Narjouieh village should be done by the participation of Narjouieh residents, local authorities and government sector. In the way the local government (councils and village contributors) and residents of Narjouieh village will directly and indirectly benefit from such solutions and programs. So if the prospect is to create a typical village with a self-sufficient village contributor, all the policies, planning and providing income and financial sources in this village, should be cooperative and with interaction of all levels.

Key words: Stable financial sources, participatory evaluation, matrix pair, Venn diagram, Narjouieh village of Jiroft.

References


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